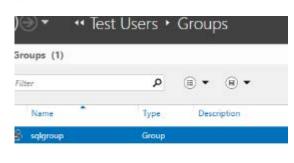
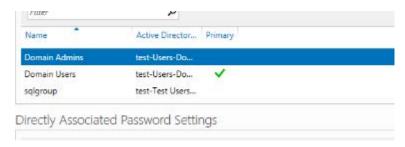
Homework #5: Active Directory and Group Policy Objects

- This is an individual assignment, and is worth 20 points.
- The due date is Thursday, March 1st.
- You need to provide your answers to the "Homework #5 Tasks.docx" file. Change the file name following the naming convention suggested below.
- Naming convention is as follows: homework, underscore, last name, first initial, and extension (e.g., Homework #5_ImG.docx).
- Do not copy any of the sample screenshots provided as illustrations.
- (<u>Task 1</u>) Show in a screenshot that the three domain users (sqluser1, sqluser2, sqluser3) are created in **SQLUsers** OU. Also show in a screenshot that **sqlgroup** is created in the **Groups** OU.



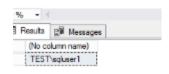


• (<u>Task 2</u>) Go to sqluser1 properties and show in a screenshot that sqluser1 is a member of **Domain** Admins and sqlgroup.

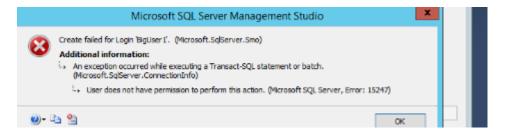


• (<u>Task 3</u>) Run the following query on SQL Server and show in a screenshot that you indeed logged-on with sqluser1.





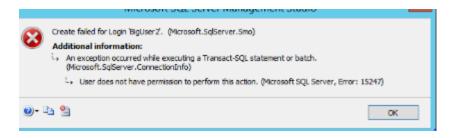
• (<u>Task 4</u>) Logon to SQL Server. Create a login "BigUser1". Select SQL Server authentication. Enter the password "1234567", and show in a screenshot that the login <u>cannot</u> be created. Explain why?



The login cannot be created because the policy enforcing password complexity is enabled. Therefore, 1234567 is too simple and doesn't meet the requirements.

• (<u>Task 5</u>) Create a login "BigUser2". Select SQL Server authentication. Enter the password "1234567", and show in a screenshot that the login is created. Explain why this was possible. Explain also the relationship between the GPO and the SQL Server password policy.





This should work because I disabled the group policy that required the password meet the complexity requirements, which it would not have if it was enabled. The GPO enforces policies on objects within the operating system, whereas the sql server policy only enforces it when that object is logging onto SQL server.